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STANFORD RSL Technical Report 71-2

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration
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FINAL REPORT (A) -- PHASE IV

SOFTWARE (COMPUTER PROGRAMMING)

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1970/71 STANFORD SPECTRAL DATA MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

BY

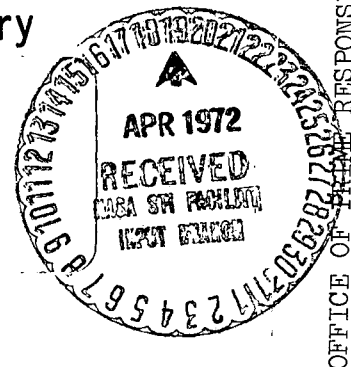
A. A. Marshall

Stanford Remote Sensing Laboratory

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Report Prepared Under
NASA Contract NAS 9-7313
"Infrared Spectrometry Studies"



REMOTE SENSING LABORATORY
SCHOOL OF EARTH SCIENCES

STANFORD UNIVERSITY • STANFORD, CALIFORNIA

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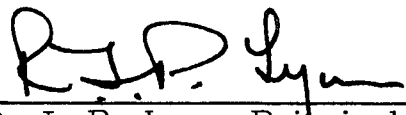
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A. A. Marshall
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Report Prepared Under
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Approved:


R. J. P. Lyon, Principal Investigator
Department of Mineral Engineering
Stanford University
Stanford, California 94305

June 1971

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- 70-6 "The Multiband Approach to Geologic Mapping from Orbiting Satellites: Is it Redundant or Vital?" (by R. J. P. Lyon), now published in Remote Sensing of Environment, 1, (4), 237-244
- 70-7 "Airborne Geological Mapping Using Infrared Emission Spectra" (by R. J. P. Lyon and J. Patterson), now published in Proc. of the 6th Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment, 1, 527-552
- 70-8 "Pseudo-Radar: Very High Contrast Aerial Photography at Low Sun Angles" (by R. J. P. Lyon, Jose Mercado and Robert Campbell, Jr.), now published in Photogrammetric Engineering, 36, (12), 1257-1261
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- 70-11 "1969/70 Stanford Spectral Data Management System" (by Michael Heathman)
-
- 71-1 "Operational Calibration of an Airborne Infrared Spectrometer Over Geologically-Significant Terrains", (by R. J. P. Lyon and A. A. Marshall)

- 71-2 "1970/71 Stanford Spectral Data Management Programs"(by A. A. Marshall) Final Report (A) -- Phase IV (Software - Computer Programming).
- 71-3 "Stanford Digital Data System ." Final Report (B) -- Phase IV.
- 71-4 "Comparison of Airborne Infrared Spectral Emittance and Radar Scatterometer Data from Pisgah Crater Lava Flows," (Abstr.) Paper presented at 7th Int. Symp. on Rem. Sens. of Environ., Ann Arbor, Mich., May 17, 1971.
- 71-5 "Infrared Spectral Emittance in Geological Mapping: Airborne Spectrometer Data from Pisgah Crater, California." Paper submitted to Science, August 1971. pp. 14.
- 71-6 "Spectral Data from Flights 1 and 3, Mission 108." Final Report (C) -- Phase IV (IR Spectral Emittance Data - Airborne).

I. Introduction

This is a report on the data management programs used by the Stanford Remote Sensing Laboratory to access, modify, and reduce the data obtained from both the NASA IR airborne spectrometer, and Stanford's SG-4 field spectrometer. Many details covered in previous reports are not repeated here. References are provided below.

These programs are written in Fortran IV and S/360 Assembler Language, and are currently running on a S/360 model 67 (operating under OS/MFT) at the Stanford Computation Center Campus Facility.

References

- 1) "1969/70 Stanford Spectral Data Management System",
RSL Tech #70-11 by Michael Heathman.
- 2) "The Stanford Infrared Spectra Processing Package",
RSL Tech #69-3 by John R. Moore.
- 3) "Mission 78 - Flights 1 and 2 Ninety Day Report",
RSL Tech #69-1 by R.J.P. Lyon and Attila Kilinc.

II. Program Descriptions

1. Program Cal

Cal computes instrument calibration functions using NASA spectra. The required function is computed for each member of a group of spectra, and the mean and standard deviation over the group are printed and plotted. Currently the functions computed by Cal are not used for any further processing within the system.

If the option INSTRANS is specified, the instrument response correction function is computed. This function may be used to correct for the non linear response of the spectrometer. It is computed by ratioing a theoretical blackbody spectrum to an observed blackbody spectrum. Since the spectrometer measures the radiation difference between the outside world and an internal reference, the theoretical blackbody mentioned above is the difference between two absolute radiance curves, one calculated using the target temperature, and the other calculated using the internal reference temperature.

If the option AIRPATH is specified, the airpath absorption function is computed. Airborne blackbody spectra (from lakes, oceans etc.) are corrected for the instrument response and for the reflectance of water. The ratio of these corrected spectra to a theoretical blackbody spectrum is the airpath absorption function. This function describes the effect of the air mass on the radiance levels seen by the spectrometer.

If the option EMITT is specified, the ground rock emittance spectrum is computed. Each ground rock spectrum is corrected for instrument response and subtracted from a theoretical blackbody spectrum calculated at the internal spectrometer reference temperature. This gives an estimate of the absolute radiance of the target. The ratio of this to an absolute blackbody radiance curve gives the emittance spectrum for the rock.

Cal uses Splot for line printer plotting, Irrad for theoretical radiance calculations, Tcalc to estimate target temperature if unknown, and Sigma to compute standard deviations.

2. Program Prep

Prep is used to access and save small groups of spectra within the NASA data base. The spectra are time coded in increasing order. The program reads sequentially through the data base until the group is found. Any spectra within the group whose temperature variance is above a given tolerance is rejected. The spectra alternate between up ramp (6.8-13.4 microns) and down ramp (13.4-6.8 microns) recording, but the output file contains only spectra of a given ramp code. The group average spectrum and standard deviation is printed and plotted for each group processed.

Prep uses Splot for plotting, Table for data listing, Xlate to convert time, Rdnasa to read the data base, Unpack to unpack identification bytes, and Dater to provide the date and time for the printed output.

3. Program Proc

Proc is used to process spectral groups produced by Prep. Since the data saved by Prep is contained in individual datasets, Proc finds groups by dataset name alone. The standard processing steps are as follows: the raw spectra are ratioed to a blackbody spectrum; the tails of the spectra are clipped since they contain little useful information; the ratioed spectra are smoothed to minimize the effects of random noise; and finally they are each normalized so the mean "radiance" of each spectrum is zero, with a standard deviation of one, allowing valid comparison of spectra with different mean intensities.

The processed spectra are output onto a single file in card image format so that they may be read by classification programs such as BMD07M. The group average spectrum for each group is saved on a separate file so that the individuals may be further processed by program Discard.

Proc uses Splot for plotting, Table for data listing, Dater for date and time, Norm for normalizing spectra, and Sm for smoothing spectra.

4. Program Discard

Discard is used to delete from spectral groups spectra which vary greatly from the group mean. The program reads the output produced by Proc and computes for each member of a group the distance in Euclidean space from the group mean. If this distance is greater than a given tolerance, the spectrum is deleted from the group. There is no firm reason to think the information about a group is any better after this processing, but it has been found that spectra rejected by this method correspond well with the spectra which the classification programs cannot identify correctly.

Discard uses no subroutines.

5. Program Trkload

Trkload is used to copy ground based ("truck") spectra tapes to disk. The organization of the disk file is different from the NASA data base in that individual spectra may be accessed directly. An index with pointers to the raw spectra is created which may be searched by later programs in order to find spectral groups. A program which does this searching and saves the groups in a format compatible with Proc has not been written yet, since the ground system is not fully operational.

Trkload uses Rdtrk to read and convert the raw data tapes, and Daload to create the direct access file. Daload is used to bypass the formatting of direct access files which the FORTRAN direct access routines must do.

III. Program Examples

1. Program Cal

```
//CAL JOB (J032,332,,10),MARSHALL
//JOB LIB DD DSN=J032.PROGLIB,DISP=SHR
//WHYNOT EXEC PGM=CAL
//FT20F001 DD DSN=J032.PRE40,DISP=SHR
//FT30F001 DD DSN=J032.SHALL,DISP=SHR
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT05F001 DD *
108-1
INSTRANS 60.    40.    20    MX108-1 PREFLIGHT BB
AIRPATH  60.    0.0    30    MX108-1 SHALLOW LAKE
/*
```

In this example, the dataset J032.PRE40 is used to calculate the instrument response correction function, and the dataset J032.SHALL is used to calculate the airpath absorption function.

2. Program Prep

```
//PREP JOB (J032,332,,10),MARSHALL
//JOB LIB DD DSN=J032.PROGLIB,DISP=SHR
//WHYNOT EXEC PGM=PREP
//NASA DD DSN=J032.FLIGHT1,DISP=SHR,DCB=OPTCD=C
//FT20F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKA,VOL=SER=USER07,UNIT=2314,
//  DISP=(,CATLG),SPACE=(TRK,5,RLSE),DCB=(RECFM=VRS,
//  BLKSIZE=7294,LRECL=400)
//FT30F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKB,VOL=SER=USER07,UNIT=2314,
//  DISP=(,CATLG),SPACE=(TRK,5,RLSE),DCB=*.FT20F001
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT05F001 DD *
  &PARMS TEMP=150., &END
00 20 15 15 12345 15 15 23456 MX108-1 ROCKA
00 30 15 16 12345 15 16 23456 MX108-1 ROCKB
/*
```

In this example, J032.FLIGHT1 contains raw time-coded spectra from which the datasets J032.ROCKA and J032.ROCKB are created. The data cards contain the ramp code, logical unit number for output, start and stop times, and some identification for each group of spectra.

3. Program Proc

```
//PROC JOB (J032,332,,10),MARSHALL
//JOB LIB DD DSN=J032.PROGLIB,DISP=SHR
//WHYNOT EXEC PGM=PROC
//FT99F001 DD DSN=J032.SHALLAVG,DISP=SHR
//FT20F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKA,DISP=SHR
//FT30F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKB,DISP=SHR
//FT07F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKLIBI,DISP=MOD
//FT08F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKLIBA,DISP=MOD
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT05F001 DD *
  &PARMS SMOOTH=T, CARD=5, &END
THESE SPECTRA HAVE BEEN RATIOED, SMOOTHED, AND NORMALIZED.
00 20 15 15 12345 15 15 23456 MX108-1 ROCKA
00 30 15 16 12345 15 16 23456 MX108-1 ROCKB
/*
```

In this example, the two datasets created in the previous example are processed and saved in J032.ROCKLIBI (for individual spectra) and in J032.ROCKLIBA (for the average of each group). Each spectrum is ratioed to an averaged blackbody spectrum contained in J032.SHALLAVG, smoothed, and normalized. Note that the control cards are the same as those used above.

4. Program Discard

```
//RSL JOB (J032,332,,10),MARSHALL
//JOB LIB DD DSN=J032.PROGLIB,DISP=SHR
//WHYNOT EXEC PGM=DISCARD
//FT10F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKLIBD,DISP=MOD
//FT03F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKLIBI,DISP=SHR
//FT04F001 DD DSN=J032.ROCKLIBA,DISP=SHR
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT05F001 DD *
  &PARMS LIMIT=30, &END
  &PARMS LIMIT=30, &END
  :
  :
  &PARMS LIMIT=30, &END
```

In this example, data read from J032.ROCKLIBI are copied to J032.ROCKLIBD rejecting any spectrum whose distance from the group mean is greater than a given tolerance. The group means are contained in J032.ROCKLIBA, and the tolerance for each group is specified using the &PARMS namelist.

5. Program Trkload

```
//RSL JOB (J032,332,,10),MARSHALL
//JOB LIB DD DSN=J032.PROGLIB,DISP=SHR
//WHYNOT EXEC PGM=TRKLOAD
//DIRECT DD DSN=J032.TROCKS,VOL=SER=USER07,UNIT=2314,
//  SPACE=(CYL,10,RLSE),DISP=(,CATLG),
//  DCB=(DSORG=DA,KEYLEN=0,BLKSIZE=204)
//SPECTAPE DD UNIT=CCO,VOL=SER=TRUCK,LABEL=(,BLP),DISP=SHR
//FT10F001 DD DSN=J032.TINDEX,VOL=SER=USER07,UNIT=2314,
//  SPACE=(TRK,10,RLSE),DISP=(,CATLG),
//  DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=40,BLKSIZE=3520)
//FT04F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=*.FT04F001
//FT05F001 DD *
  &PARM'S LIST=T, TERR=T, &END
```

In this example, a truck tape called TRUCK, is copied to disk. The spectra are saved in J032.TROCKS, and the identification information is saved in J032.TINDEX. The namelist input specifies that the individual spectra are to be listed, and that rereads should be suppressed in case of an error while reading the tape.

IV. Program Listings

1.1 Program Cal

```
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      PROGRAM CAL -- DECEMBER 1970 VERSION                      C
C
C
C      COMPUTES INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION FOR IR SPECTROMETER      C
C      STANFORD REMOTE SENSING LABORATORY                       C
C
C      PROGRAM OPTIONS                                          C
C
C      INSTRANS -- COMPUTE INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CORRECTION FUNCTION. C
C
C      AIRPATH  -- COMPUTE AIRPATH ABSORBSION SPECTRUM FOR AIRBORNE C
C      BLACKBODY SPECTRA.                                       C
C
C      EMITT    -- COMPUTE TARGET RADIANCE AND EMITTANCE SPECTRUM C
C      FOR KNOWN ROCK TYPES.                                     C
C
C      SAVETRAN -- READ/WRITE INSTRUMENT RESPONSE FUNCTION.     C
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      INTEGER DISK, CARD/5/, PRINT/6/, NMAX/30/
C      INTEGER INTRN/'INST'/, EMITT/'EMIT'/, AIRPT/'AIRP'/, SAVET/'SAVE'/
C      INTEGER GET/'GET'/, PUT /'PUT'/, FLT, NAME(8), CNT(88)
C      REAL  RAW (88), DSK (92), IRAD(88), PLNK(88), ASP (88),
C      *      AINS(88), SINS(88), AAIR(88), SAIR(88), ARAD(88),
C      *      AEM (88), SEM (88), SSP (88), SRAD(88)
C      REAL  ZERO(88) /88*0.0/, FACT/0.0/
C
C      DEFINE REFLECTANCE CORRECTION FUNCTION
C      REAL REFLT(88)
C      * / .9797, .9800, .9805, .9808, .9812, .9818, .9819,
C      *   .9820, .9821, .9821, .9822, .9822, .9823, .9823,
C      *   .9824, .9826, .9828, .9830, .9831, .9833, .9834,
C      *   .9836, .9837, .9839, .9841, .9843, .9845, .9847,
C      *   .9848, .9850, .9853, .9855, .9858, .9861, .9863,
C      *   .9865, .9869, .9873, .9877, .9881, .9885, .9888,
C      *   .9891, .9895, .9899, .9903, .9907, .9910, .9913,
C      *   .9917, .9920, .9923, .9926, .9929, .9930, .9932,
C      *   .9933, .9932, .9931, .9930, .9926, .9922, .9918,
C      *   .9912, .9906, .9900, .9897, .9893, .9890, .9887,
C      *   .9984, .9980, .9974, .9968, .9962, .9857, .9851,
C      *   .9844, .9835, .9824, .9810, .9794, .9778, .9762,
C      *   .9748, .9732, .9715, .9702
C      * /
```

```

C      IGNORE 4 WORD HEADER ON DATA READS.
      EQUIVALENCE (RAW(1), DSK(5))

C
C
C      READ MISSION AND FLIGHT IDENTIFICATION.
      READ (CARD,54) MISS, FLT

C
C      INITIALIZE SEQUENCE NUMBER ARRAY
      DO 2 I = 91,178
2      CNT(I-90) = 1

C
C      READ PROGRAM OPTIONS
10     READ (CARD,51,END=99) IOPT, REFT, BBT, DISK, NAME
C
      IF (IOPT .EQ. SAVET) GOTO 50

C
C      COMPUTE TARGET TEMPERATURE IF UNSPECIFIED.
C
      IF (BBT .NE. 0.0) GOTO 11
      IF (FACT .NE. 0.0) GOTO 12

C
C      ERROR IN AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CALCULATION
      WRITE (PRINT,97)
      STOP

C
C      BBT = TCALC (REFT, FACT, DISK)
12
C
C      BRANCH TO SPECIFIED ROUTINE
11     IF (IOPT .EQ. AIRPT) GOTO 30
      IF (IOPT .EQ. EMITT) GOTO 40
      IF (IOPT .EQ. INTRN) GOTO 20

C
C      ERROR IN OPTION CODE, STOP.
      WRITE (PRINT,61)
      STOP

C
C      READ/WRITE RESPONSE FUNCTION
50     IF (NAME(1) .EQ. PUT) WRITE (DISK) AINS
      IF (NAME(1) .EQ. GET) READ (DISK) AINS
      GOTO 10

```

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C          INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CORRECTION FUNCTION          C
C
C
C
C    THE RESPONSE FUNCTION IS THE RATIO OF A CALCULATED    C
C    IRRADIANCE CURVE TO AN OBSERVED BLACK BODY SPECTRUM   C
C    AT A GIVEN TEMPERATURE.  IRRADIANCE IS THE DIFFERENCE C
C    BETWEEN TWO BLACKBODY RADIATORS, ONE AT THE INTERNAL  C
C    SPECTROMETER REFERENCE TEMPERATURE, AND ONE AT THE EXTERNAL C
C    TARGET TEMPERATURE.                                    C
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
20    CONTINUE
C
C    COMPUTE THEORETICAL NET IRRADIANCE
C    CALL IRRAD (IRAD, REFT, BBT)
C
C    READ IN GROUND BLACKBODY SPECTRA AND COMPUTE RESPONSE OF EACH
C
C    DO 26 I = 1,88
C    ASP(I) = 0.0
C    SSP(I) = 0.0
C    AINS(I) = 0.0
C    AINS(I) = 0.0
C    SINS(I) = 0.0
26    CONTINUE
C
C    DO 22 I = 1,NMAX
C    READ (DISK,END=23) DSK
C
C    DO 22 J = 1,88
C    ASP(J) = ASP(J) + RAW(J)
C    SSP(J) = SSP(J) + RAW(J) ** 2
C    AINS(J) = AINS(J) + IRAD(J)/RAW(J)
C    SINS(J) = SINS(J) + (IRAD(J)/RAW(J)) ** 2
22    CONTINUE
C
C    FIND STANDARD DEVIATIONS
C
23    NSPEC = I - 1
C    EN = NSPEC
C    CALL SIGMA (ASP, SSP, EN, 88)
C    CALL SIGMA (AINS, SINS, EN, 88)

```



```

C      FIND OVERALL AVERAGES
C
AIRAD = AVER (IRAD, 88)
AASP = AVER (ASP, 88)
ASSP = AVER (SSP, 88)
AAINS = AVER (AINS, 88)
ASINS = AVER (SINS, 88)

C
C
C      PRINT AND PLOT RESULTS
C
WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
WRITE (PRINT,67) (CNT(1), IRAD(1), ASP(1),
*              SSP(1), AINS(1), SINS(1), I = 1,88)
WRITE (PRINT,66) AIRAD, AASP, ASSP, AAINS, ASINS

C
WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
CALL SPLOT (IRAD, ZERO, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
WRITE (PRINT,62)

C
WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
CALL SPLOT (ASP, SSP, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
WRITE (PRINT,63)

C
WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
CALL SPLOT (AINS, SINS, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
WRITE (PRINT,64)

C
C
C      COMPUTE TEMPERATURE CONVERSION TABLE BASED ON LINEAR
C      INTERPOLATION THROUGH (0,REFT) AND (AASP,BBT)
C
FACT = (BBT - REFT) / AASP
RR = 0.0
WRITE (PRINT,93) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME

C
DO 28 I = 1,1101,25
TT = REFT + FACT * RR
WRITE (PRINT,94) RR, TT
RR = RR + 25.0
28 CONTINUE
C
GOTO 10

```



```

C      FIND STANDARD DEVIATIONS
C
38     NSPEC = I - 1
      EN = NSPEC
      CALL SIGMA (ASP, SSP, EN, 88)
      CALL SIGMA (AAIR, SAIR, EN, 88)
C
C      FIND OVERALL AVERAGES
C
      AASP = AVER (ASP, 88)
      ASSP = AVER (SSP, 88)
      AAAIR = AVER (AAIR, 88)
      ASAIR = AVER (SAIR, 88)
C
C
C      PRINT AND PLOT RESULTS
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      WRITE (PRINT,65) (CNT(I), ASP(I),
*                   SSP(I), AAIR(I), SAIR(I), I = 1,88)
      WRITE (PRINT,66) AASP, ASSP, AAAIR, ASAIR
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      CALL SPLOT (ASP, SSP, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
      WRITE (PRINT,86)
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      CALL SPLOT (AAIR, SAIR, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
      WRITE (PRINT,87)
C
      GOTO 10

```

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C          GROUND ROCK EMITTANCE SPECTRUM          C
C
C          EMITTANCE IS FOUND BY RATIOING THE TARGET RADIANCE TO    C
C          A CALCULATED BLACKBODY RADIATOR AT THE SAME TEMPERATURE.  C
C          THE TARGET RADIANCE IS FOUND BY SUBTRACTING FROM THE      C
C          INTERNAL REFERENCE SPECTRUM AN OBSERVED ROCK SPECTRUM     C
C          MULTIPLIED BY THE INSTRUMENT RESPONSE FUNCTION.           C
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
40  CONTINUE
C    COMPUTE ABSOLUTE INTERNAL RADIANCE
C    CALL ABSL (PLNK, REFT)
C
C    COMPUTE RADIANCE FOR BLACKBODY AT TARGET TEMPERATURE
C    CALL ABSL (IRAD, BBT)
C
C    READ IN SPECTRA AND COMPUTE TARGET RADIANCE
C
C    DO 41 I = 1,88
C    ASP (I) = 0.0
C    SSP (I) = 0.0
C    ARAD(I) = 0.0
C    SRAD(I) = 0.0
C    AEM (I) = 0.0
C    SEM (I) = 0.0
41  CONTINUE
C
C    DO 42 I = 1,NMAX
C    READ (DISK,END=45) DSK
C
C    DO 42 J = 1,88
C    SSP(J) = SSP(J) + RAW(J) ** 2
C    ASP(J) =ASP(J) + RAW(J)
C
C    COMPUTE TARGET RADIANCE (T)
C    T = PLNK(J) - RAW(J) * AINS(J)
C    ARAD(J) = ARAD(J) + T
C    SRAD(J) = SRAD(J) + T*T

```

```

C      COMPUTE EMITTANCE (TT)
      TT = T/IRAD(J)
      AEM(J) = AEM(J) + TT
      SEM(J) = SEM(J) + TT ** 2
42     CONTINUE
C
45     NSPEC = I - 1
      EN = NSPEC
C
C      FIND STANDARD DEVIATIONS
C
      CALL SIGMA (ASP, SSP, EN, 88)
      CALL SIGMA (ARAD, SRAD, EN, 88)
      CALL SIGMA (AEM, SEM, EN, 88)
C
C      FIND OVERALL AVERAGES
C
      AASP = AVER (ASP, 88)
      ASSP = AVER (SSP, 88)
      AARAD = AVER (ARAD, 88)
      ASRAD = AVER (SRAD, 88)
      ASEM = AVER (SEM, 88)
      AAEM = AVER (AEM, 88)
C
C      PRINT AND PLOT RESULTS
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      WRITE (PRINT,95) (CNT(I), ASP(I), SSP(I),
*      ARAD(I), SRAD(I), AEM(I), SEM(I), I = 1,88)
      WRITE (PRINT,96) AASP, ASSP, AARAD, ASRAD, AAEM, ASEM
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      CALL SPLOT (ASP, SSP, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
      WRITE (PRINT,81)
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      CALL SPLOT (ARAD, SRAD, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
      WRITE (PRINT,82)
C
      WRITE (PRINT,68) MISS, FLT, REFT, BBT, NSPEC, NAME
      CALL SPLOT (AEM, SEM, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, 91)
      WRITE (PRINT,83)
C
      GOTO 10

```

```

C      END OF FILE READ
99     WRITE (PRINT,69)
      STOP

C
C
51     FORMAT(A4,T10,2F10.5,I2,T40,8A4)
54     FORMAT(I3,1X,I1)
55     FORMAT(A4,I2)
61     FORMAT(///' RSL0501  OPTION CODE INVALID')
62     FORMAT(//T54,'THEORETICAL NET IRRADIANCE')
63     FORMAT(//T50,'AVERAGED GROUND BLACKBODY SPECTRUM')
64     FORMAT(//T50,'INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CORRECTION FUNCTION')
65     FORMAT( T20,'AVER SPECTRUM',T40,'STANDARD DEV',T60,'AVER ',
*      'AIRPATH',T80,'STANDARD DEV'/(I10,4E20.3))
66     FORMAT(//T11,6E20.3)
67     FORMAT(T23,'DIFFRAD',T40,'AVER SPECTRUM',T60,'STANDARD DEV',
*      T80,'INSTRANS',T100,'STANDARD DEV'/(I10,5E20.3))
68     FORMAT('1',T10,'MISSION',I4,' FLIGHT ',I1,' CALIBRATION.'//
*      T10,'INTERNAL REFERENCE TEMPERATURE IS',F4.0,' DEGREES '
*      'CENTIGRADE.'/T10,'EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE IS',F4.0,
*      ' DEGREES CENTIGRADE.'/T10,'USED',I3,' SPECTRA -- ',8A4///
*      )
69     FORMAT('1RSL0011  NORMAL END OF RUN')
81     FORMAT(//T54,'AVERAGED ROCK SPECTRUM')
82     FORMAT(//T60,'TARGET RADIANCE')
83     FORMAT(//T60,'EMITTANCE SPECTRUM')
86     FORMAT(//T47,'AVERAGED AIRBORNE BLACKBODY SPECTRUM')
87     FORMAT(//T51,'AIRPATH ABSORBSION SPECTRUM')
93     FORMAT('1',T10,'MISSION',I4,' FLIGHT ',I1,
*      ' TEMPERATURE CONVERSION TABLE.'//
*      T10,'INTERNAL REFERENCE TEMPERATURE IS',F4.0,' DEGREES '
*      'CENTIGRADE.'/T10,'EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE IS',F4.0,
*      ' DEGREES CENTIGRADE.'/T10,'USED',I3,' SPECTRA -- ',8A4///
*      T13,'READING',T33,'TEMPERATURE')
94     FORMAT(F17.0,F23.1)
95     FORMAT(T10,'AVER SPECTRUM',T30,'STANDARD DEV',T50,'TARGET RAD',
*      T70,'STANDARD DEV',T90,'EMITTANCE',T110,'STANDARD DEV'//
*      (I4,E16.3,5E20.3))
96     FORMAT(//4X,E16.3,5E20.3)
97     FORMAT('0RSL0521  CANNOT COMPUTE TARGET RADIANCE')
      END

```

1.2 Subroutine Splot

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C          SPLIT -- SPECTRUM PLOT PROGRAM
C
C  MEAN      -- ARRAY CONTAINING AVERAGE SPECTRUM
C  SD        -- ARRAY CONTAINING STANDARD DEVIATION OF SPECTRUM
C  MIN       -- PLOT LEFT BOUND
C  MAX       -- PLOT RIGHT BOUND
C  LOG       -- UNIT ON WHICH PLOT IS WRITTEN (LRECL > 130)
C  NPT       -- NUMBER OF POINTS IN ARRAYS (SIZE OF PLOT)
C  COUNT     -- INITIAL SEQUENCE NUMBER
C
C  N.B. IF MIN=MAX THE PROGRAM WILL FIND BOUNDS TO FIT THE DATA
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      SUBROUTINE SPLIT (MEAN ,SD, MIN, MAX, LOG, NPT, COUNT)
C      INTEGER COUNT
C      REAL MIN, MAX, MEAN(NPT), SD(NPT)
C      REAL GRAPH(101), YCORD(11), XXXX/'XXXX'/, STAR/'****'/, MARK,
C      * PLUS/'+++'/, MINUS/'---'/, DOT/'....'/, BLANK/' '/
C
C      XMIN = MIN
C      XMAX = MAX
C      NPTS = NPT
C      ICNT = COUNT
C
C      IF (XMIN .LT. XMAX) GOTO 10
C
C      FIND XMIN AND XMAX
C
C      XMIN = MEAN(1) - SD(1)
C      XMAX = MEAN(1) + SD(1)
C      DO 20 I = 2,NPTS
C      XMIN = AMIN1 (XMIN,MEAN(I)-SD(I))
C      XMAX = AMAX1 (XMAX,MEAN(I)+SD(I))
20  CONTINUE
C      FUDGE = .02 * (XMAX - XMIN)
C      XMAX = XMAX + FUDGE
C      XMIN = XMIN - FUDGE
C
C      DELTA = (XMAX - XMIN) / 100.
10  WRITE (LOG,54) XMIN, XMAX, DELTA
C
C      COMPUTE AND PRINT Y COORDINATES
C
C      YCORD(1) = XMIN
C      DO 30 I = 2,11
C      YCORD(I) = YCORD(I-1) + DELTA * 10.
30  CONTINUE

```

```

WRITE (LOG,51) YCORD
WRITE (LOG,52)
C
DO 50 I = 1,NPTS
C
C   INITIALIZE GRAPH LINE.
MARK = BLANK
IF (MOD(I,10) .EQ. 0) MARK = DOT
DO 40 J = 1,101
C
C   GRAPH(J) = MARK
40 CONTINUE
C
DO 35 J = 1,101,10
C
C   GRAPH(J) = DOT
35 CONTINUE
C
C   COMPUTE *,- ,+ POSITIONS.
SM = MEAN(I) - XMIN
ISM = SM/DELTA + 0.5
ISD = SD(I) / DELTA
ISL = ISM - ISD
ISH = ISM + ISD
IF (ISM .LT. 2) GOTO 45
LL = MIN0 (ISM-1, 101)
DO 60 J = 1,LL
C
C   GRAPH(J) = XXXX
60 CONTINUE
C
45 IF (ISH .GE. 1 .AND. ISH .LE. 101) GRAPH(ISH) = PLUS
IF (ISL .GE. 1 .AND. ISL .LE. 101) GRAPH(ISL) = MINUS
IF (ISM .GE. 1 .AND. ISM .LE. 101) GRAPH(ISM) = STAR
C
WRITE (LOG,53) MEAN(I), ICNT, GRAPH, ICNT
C
ICNT = ICNT + 1
50 CONTINUE
C
WRITE (LOG,52)
WRITE (LOG,51) YCORD
RETURN
C
51 FORMAT (17X,11(E9.2,1X))
52 FORMAT (19X,10('*****'),'.')
53 FORMAT (3X,E10.2,15,1X,101A1,15)
54 FORMAT (/25X,'XMIN IS',E9.2,15X,'XMAX IS',E9.2,15X,'DELTA IS',
*      E9.2/)
END

```


1.3 Subroutines Irrad and Absl

```

SUBROUTINE IRRAD (IRAD, REFT, BBT)
REAL IRAD(88)
REAL LAM1/6.8/,LAM88/13.4/,C1/37410./,C2/14338./,PI/3.141593/
C
C  DEFINE BLACK BODY RADIANCE FUNCTION
RAD (T, W) = C1 / (PI * (EXP (C2 / (W * T)) - 1.0) * W ** 5)
C
C  COMPUTE NET IRRADIANCE
C
TEMP1 = REFT + 273.
TEMP2 = BBT + 273.
DLAM = (LAM88 - LAM1) / 87.0
WW = LAM1
DO 21 I = 1,88
IRAD(I) = RAD(TEMP1,WW) - RAD(TEMP2,WW)
WW = WW + DLAM
21 CONTINUE
RETURN

C
C  COMPUTE ABSOLUTE RADIANCE
C
ENTRY ABSL (IRAD, TEMP)
TEMP1 = TEMP + 273.
DLAM = (LAM88 - LAM1) / 87.0
WW = LAM1
DO 22 I = 1,88
IRAD(I) = RAD(TEMP1,WW)
WW = WW + DLAM
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

1.4 Subroutines Tcalc, Aver, and Sigma

```
REAL FUNCTION TCalc (REFT, FACT, DISK)
  INTEGER DISK
  REAL RAW(88), DSK(92)
  EQUIVALENCE (RAW(1), DSK(5))
```

```
  C
  ACC = 0.0
  DO 10 I = 1,30
  READ (DISK,END=20) DSK
  DO 10 J = 1,88
  ACC = ACC + RAW(J)
10  CONTINUE
  C
20  EN = FLOAT(I-1) * 88
  TCalc = REFT + FACT * (ACC/EN)
  REWIND DISK
  RETURN
  END
```

```
REAL FUNCTION AVER (A, N)
  REAL A(N)
  S = 0.0
  DO 10 I = 1,N
10  S = S + A(I)
  AVER = S / N
  RETURN
  END
```

```
SUBROUTINE SIGMA (MEAN, SD, EN, NPT)
  REAL MEAN(NPT), SD(NPT)
  DO 10 I = 1,NPT
  SD(I) = SQRT ((SD(I)**2/EN) / (EN-1.0))
  MEAN(I) = MEAN(I) / EN
10  CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

2.1 Program Prep

```
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      PROGRAM PREP  --  SPECTRUM PRE-PROCESSOR
C
C      PROGRAM DESCRIPTION
C
C      PREP READS RAW SPECTRAL DATA IN 1969 NASA FORMAT AND
C      OUTPUTS SPECTRA WITHIN GIVEN TIME LIMITS IN STANDARD
C      FORMAT COMPATIBLE WITH PROGRAM TASK.  PRINTED OUTPUT
C      CONSISTS OF THE IDENTIFICATION HEADER ASSOCIATED WITH
C      EACH OUTPUT SPECTRUM, THE RECORDING TIME IN THE FORM
C      HH:MM:SS.MSEC, THE MINIMUM, MAXIMUM, AND AVERAGE RADIOMETER
C      READING, AND THE STANDARD DEVIATION FOR THE NINE
C      RADIOMETER SAMPLES.  THE AVERAGE RAW SPECTRUM, ALONG WITH
C      THE STANDARD DEVIATION FOR EACH COUNTER POINT IS PRINTED
C      AND PLOTTED FOR EACH GROUP OF SPECTRA PROCESSED.
C
C      RECORD FORMATS
C
C      THE FIRST TWELVE BYTES ARE IDENTICAL IN BOTH FORMATS,
C      THESE REPRESENT THE IDENTIFICATION PART OF THE SPECTRUM
C      (8 BYTES) AND THE TIME OF DAY IN ELAPSED MILLISECONDS.
C      NEXT COME THE SPECTROMETER DATA POINTS (88) IN HALFWORD
C      INTEGERS ON THE TAPE, AND FULLWORD FLOATING POINT ON THE
C      OUTPUT FILES.  LAST COMES THE CALIBRATION HALFWORDS.  THE
C      FIRST NINE OF THESE ARE RADIOMETER READINGS.
C
C      TEMPERATURE VARIANCE
C
C      SPECTRA WHOSE TEMPERATURE VARIANCE IS GREATER THAN A
C      GIVEN LIMIT ARE NOW BYPASSED (2/9/71).  A NAMELIST
C      MUST PRECEDE THE CONTROL CARDS OF THE FORM:
C      &PARMS TEMP=NNN., &END, WHERE NNN IS IN MILLIVOLTS.
C
C      DECK SETUP
C
C      RR UU AA AA AAAAA ZZ ZZ ZZZZZ TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT
C
C      R -- RAMP CODE (00=UP, 01=DOWN)
C      U -- OUTPUT UNIT NUMBER (A DD CARD MUST BE SUPPLIED)
C      A -- START TIME IN HH MM SSTTT FORMAT
C      Z -- STOP TIME IN SAME FORMAT
C      T -- THE REST OF THE CARD MAY CONTAIN A TITLE FOR THE
C           PRINTED OUTPUT.
C      ANY NUMBER OF INPUT CARDS MAY BE USED BUT THE TIMES
C      MUST APPEAR IN INCREASING ORDER TO AVOID REREADING THE
C      INPUT DATASET.
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
```

```

      INTEGER CARD/5/, PRINT/6/, DISK, NMAX/88/, RMAX/9/
      INTEGER AH, AM, AS, ZH, ZM, ZS, HR, MN, MS, TITLE(8)
      INTEGER BEGIN, END, LAST, TIME/0/, DUMMY/0/
      INTEGER NAME(2)/' UP', 'DOWN'/, DATE(5)
      INTEGER*2 INBUF(150), HEADER(6), RAD(35), RAMP
      INTEGER*2 MISDAY, LINRUN, SITUNS, ERRAMP,
*      MIS, DAY, LIN, RUN, SIT, UNS, ERR
      REAL SPECT(88), ASP(88), SSP(88), RSP(88), ZERO(88)/88*0.0/
      EQUIVALENCE (INBUF(1), HEADER(1)), (INBUF(95), RAD(1))
      EQUIVALENCE (HEADER(1), MISDAY),
*      (HEADER(2), LINRUN),
*      (HEADER(3), SITUNS),
*      (HEADER(4), ERRAMP),
*      (HEADER(5), TIME )

C
C      DEFINE NAMELIST
      DATA TEMP /150./
      NAMELIST /PARMS/ TEMP

C
C      DEFINE MILLISECOND CONVERSION FORMULA
      MSEC (IH, IM, IS) = 3600000*IH + 60000*IM + IS

C
C      READ NAMELIST
      READ (CARD,PARMS)
      RRMAX = RMAX
      RNMAX = NMAX
      NREAD = 0

C
C      GET DAY DATE & TIME
      CALL DATER (DATE)

C
C      READ CONTROL CARD
10      READ (CARD,51,END=99) RAMP,DISK,AH,AM,AS,ZH,ZM,ZS,TITLE
      INAME = RAMP+1
      ICNT = 1
      IF (RAMP .EQ. 0) ICNT = 91
      WRITE (PRINT,61) NAME(INAME),AH,AM,AS,ZH,ZM,ZS,TITLE,DATE

C
C      CONVERT TO MILLISECONDS
      BEGIN = MSEC (AH,AM,AS)
      END = MSEC (ZH,ZM,ZS)

C
C      CHECK FOR ERRORS
      IF (END .GE. BEGIN .AND. END .GE. BEGIN) GOTO 19
      WRITE (PRINT,67) TITLE
      GOTO 10

C
19      DO 20 I = 1,NMAX

```

```

        ASP(1) = 0.0
        SSP(1) = 0.0
20      CONTINUE
        NSPEC = 0
        NDEL = 0
        AARAD = 0.0
        ASRAD = 0.0
        GHIGH = -1E70
        GLOW = 1E70
        WRITE (PRINT,64)
        GOTO 15

C
C
C      INPUT READ LOOP
C
30      CALL RDNASA (INBUF, IEOT)
        IF (IEOT .EQ. 1) GOTO 40
        NREAD = NREAD + 1

C
C      CHECK FOR ERROR AND WRONG RAMP AT SAME TIME
        IF (ERRAMP .NE. RAMP) GOTO 30

C
C      CHECK FOR WITHIN TIME LIMITS
15      IF (TIME .LT. BEGIN) GOTO 30
        IF (TIME .GT. END) GOTO 50

C
C      SPECTRUM FOUND WITHIN RANGE
        NSPEC = NSPEC + 1

C
C      UNPACK HEADER
        CALL UNPACK (MISDAY, MIS, DAY)
        CALL UNPACK (LINRUN, LIN, RUN)
        CALL UNPACK (SITUNS, SIT, UNS)

C
C      CONVERT TIME
        HR = TIME/3600000
        MN = MOD(TIME/60000,60)
        NS = MOD(TIME,60000)

C
C      PROCESS RADIOMETER VALUES
        ARAD = 0.0
        RHIGH = -1E70
        RLOW = 1E70
        DO 45 I = 1, RMAX
            R = RAD(I)
            RHIGH = AMAX1 (RHIGH, R)
            RLOW = AMIN1 (RLOW, R)
            ARAD = ARAD + R
45      CONTINUE
        SRAD = RHIGH - RLOW
        GHIGH = AMAX1 (GHIGH, RHIGH)

```

```

GLOW = AMIN1 (GLOW,RLOW)
ARAD = ARAD/RRMAX
AARAD = AARAD + ARAD
ASRAD = ASRAD + SRAD
C WRITE SPECTRUM AND RAD INFO
WRITE (PRINT,63) NSPEC, MIS, DAY, LIN, RUN, SIT, RAMP,
* HR, MN, MS, RLOW, RHIGH, ARAD, SRAD
C
C CHECK FOR UNACCEPTABLE TEMPERATURE VARIANCE
IF (SRAD .LE. TEMP) GOTO 31
NDEL = NDEL + 1
WRITE (PRINT,71)
GOTO 30
C
C SUM SPECTRA
31 DO 60 I = 1,NMAX
SPECT(I) = INBUF(I*6)
ASP(I) = ASP(I) + SPECT(I)
SSP(I) = SSP(I) + SPECT(I) ** 2
60 CONTINUE
C
C WRITE OUTPUT RECORD
IF (DISK .NE. 0) WRITE (DISK) HEADER, DUMMY, SPECT, RAD
GOTO 30
C
C END OF READ LOOP
50 RNSP = NSPEC
AARAD = AARAD / RNSP
ASRAD = ASRAD / RNSP
NSPEC = NSPEC - NDEL
IF (NSPEC .LT. 2) WRITE (PRINT,62)
IF (NSPEC .LT. 2) GOTO 10
WRITE (PRINT,85)
WRITE (PRINT,79) GLOW, GHIGH, AARAD, ASRAD
C
C WRITE OUT AVERAGED SPECTRA, STANDARD DEV, AND REL ERROR
WRITE (PRINT,61) NAME(INAME),AH,AM,AS,ZH,ZM,ZS,TITLE,DATE
WRITE (PRINT,65) NSPEC
IF (RAMP .EQ. 0) WRITE (PRINT,81)
IF (RAMP .EQ. 1) WRITE (PRINT,82)
CALL TABLE (ASP, SSP, NMAX, NSPEC, ICNT, PRINT, 'RELATIVE')
C
C PLOT AVERAGED SPECTRUM
WRITE (PRINT,61) NAME(INAME),AH,AM,AS,ZH,ZM,ZS,TITLE,DATE
WRITE (PRINT,65) NSPEC
IF (RAMP .EQ. 0) WRITE (PRINT,81)
IF (RAMP .EQ. 1) WRITE (PRINT,82)
CALL SPLOT (ASP, SSP, 0.0, 0.0, PRINT, 88, ICNT)
WRITE (PRINT,84)

```

```

C      PLOT STANDARD DEVIATION
      WRITE (PRINT,61) NAME(INAME),AH,AM,AS,ZH,ZM,ZS,TITLE,DATE
      WRITE (PRINT,65) NSPEC
      IF (RAMP .EQ. 0) WRITE (PRINT,81)
      IF (RAMP .EQ. 1) WRITE (PRINT,82)
      CALL SPLOT (SSP, ZERO, 0.0, 100., PRINT, 88, ICNT)
      WRITE (PRINT,83)
      GOTO 10

C
C      END OF FILE EXITS
40     WRITE (PRINT,68)
      WRITE (PRINT,69) NREAD
      STOP
99     WRITE (PRINT,69) NREAD
      WRITE (PRINT,66)
      STOP

C
C
51     FORMAT(4(I2,1X),15,1X,2(I2,1X),15,1X,8A4)
61     FORMAT('1',A4,' RAMP SPECTRUM GROUP (' ,2(I2,1X),15,' TO ' ,
*        2(I2,1X),15,') CALLED -- ' ,13A4)
62     FORMAT(///' RSL0201  INSUFFICIENT RECORDS -- GROUP BYPASSED')
63     FORMAT(10X,17,3X,6I7,5X,2I3,16,3X,3F10.0,F10.1)
64     FORMAT(//20X,'MISSION',4X,'DAY',3X,'LINE',4X,'RUN',3X,'SITE',
*        3X,'RAMP',7X,'TIME',9X,2X,'LOW RAD',3X,'HIGH RAD',3X,
*        'AVER RAD',3X,'DEL RAD'/)
65     FORMAT('  NUMBER OF SPECTRA IN GROUP:',I4)
66     FORMAT(' RSL0011  NORMAL END OF RUN')
67     FORMAT(///' RSL0321  TIMES NOT SPECIFIED IN INCREASING ORDER'/
*        ' RSL0321  ',20A4)
68     FORMAT('0RSL0301  DATA EXHAUSTED -- END OF GROUP NOT FOUND')
69     FORMAT('1RSL0001  ',15,' RECORDS READ')
71     FORMAT('+',T130,'<=')
79     FORMAT(/72X,'GROUP:      ',3F10.0,F10.1)
81     FORMAT('  COUNTERS RANGE FROM 6.8 TO 13.4 MICRONS')
82     FORMAT('  COUNTERS RANGE FROM 13.4 TO 6.8 MICRONS')
83     FORMAT(//T53,'PLOT OF STANDARD DEVIATION')
84     FORMAT(//T57,'PLOT OF GROUP MEAN')
85     FORMAT(//84X,'LOW RAD',3X,'HIGH RAD',3X,'AVER RAD',3X,'DEL RAD')
      END

```

2.2 Subroutine Table

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C          SUBPROGRAM TABLE
C
C  THE ROUTINE COMPUTES AND PRINTS THE MEAN, STANDARD
C  DEVIATION, AND RELATIVE ERROR OF EACH COUNTER POINT IN
C  A GROUP OF SPECTRA.
C
C  AVG      -- A VECTOR CONTAINING THE SUM OF THE SPECTRA
C             THE SPECTRUM MEAN IS RETURNED IN AVG.
C  SD       -- A VECTOR CONTAINING THE SUM OF THE SPECTRA SQUARED
C             THE SPECTRUM STANDARD DEV IS RETURNED IN SD.
C  NPT      -- THE NUMBER OF COUNTER POINTS
C  NSPCT    -- THE NUMBER OF SPECTRA IN THE GROUP
C             THIS NUMBER MUST BE GREATER THAN 1
C  ICNT     -- THE INITIAL COUNTER POINT SEQUENCE NUMBER
C  PRINT    -- PRINTER UNIT NUMBER
C  MODE     -- 'RELATIVE' FOR RELATIVE ERROR
C             'STANDARD' FOR STANDARD ERROR
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C          SUBROUTINE TABLE (AVG, SD, NPT, NSPCT, INCT, PRINT, MODE)
C          REAL AVG(NPT), SD(NPT), RE(100)
C          INTEGER PRINT, MODE(2), REL /'REL'/
C
C          COMPUTE STATISTICS
C          EN = NSPCT
C          SQRTN = SQRT (EN)
C          DO 10 I = 1,NPT
C             SD(I) = SQRT ((SD(I) - AVG(I)**2/EN) / (EN - 1.0))
C             AVG(I) = AVG(I) / EN
C             RE(I) = SD(I) / SQRTN
C             IF (MODE(1) .EQ. REL) RE(I) = RE(I) / AVG(I)
10          CONTINUE
C
C          FIND OVERALL AVERAGES
C          AAVG = AVER (AVG, NPT)
C          ASD = AVER (SD, NPT)
C          ARE = AVER (RE, NPT)

```



```

C   PRINT TABLE
    WRITE (PRINT,63) MODE
    IC = INCT
    DO 20 I = 1,NPT
    WRITE (PRINT,61) IC, AVG(I), SD(I), RE(I)
    IC = IC + 1
20  CONTINUE
    WRITE (PRINT,62) AAVG, ASD, ARE
C
    RETURN
C
61  FORMAT (I16,2F20.2,F20.5)
62  FORMAT (/T13,'MEAN' ,2F20.2,F20.5)
63  FORMAT (/T13,'COUNTER',T27,'AVER SPECTRUM',T48,'STANDARD DEV',
*      T66,2A4,' ERROR')
    END

```

2.3 Subroutine Xlate

```

    SUBROUTINE XLATE (TIME, HMS)
    INTEGER TIME, HMS(3)
C
C   TRANSLATE FROM ELAPSED MSEC TO HH:MM:SS.MSEC FORMAT
C
    HMS(1) = TIME / 3600000
    HMS(2) = MOD (TIME/60000,60)
    HMS(3) = MOD (TIME,60000)
C
    RETURN
    END

```

2.4 Subroutine Rdnasa

```

      TITLE      'RDNASA -- NASA TAPE READ PROGRAM'
      MACRO
&CSECT  LINKS    &SAVE,&BASE=12      PROVIDE STANDARD OS LINKAGE
      LCLC      &NAME                GIVE CSECT NAME, SAVEAREA
&NAME   SETC     '&SAVE'             NAME, AND GLOBAL BASE REG
      AIF       ('&NAME' NE '').OK   SAVE IF SPECIFIED
&NAME   SETC     'SAVEAREA'         JUMP IF SPECIFIED
      .OK      ANOP                    SET DEFAULT NAME
&CSECT  CSECT
      STM       14,12,12(13)         DEFINE EXTERNAL SYMBOL
      BALR      &BASE,0              SAVE CALLERS REGS
      USING    *,&BASE              GET ADDRESSIBILITY
      LR       10,13                TELL ASSEMBLER
      LA       13,&NAME             SAVE POINTER TO CALLERS SA
      ST       13,8(0,10)           POINT TO CURRENT SA
      ST       10,4(0,13)           PLANT LINK TO CURRENT SA
      B        **76                PLANT LINK TO HIGHER SA
&NAME   DC      18A(0)             BRANCH AROUND SAVEAREA
      MEND                                ALLOCATE SAVEAREA

*
      MACRO
&L      TOPEN    &DCB,&ADDR        TEST FOR SUCCESSFUL OPEN
&L      TM       &DCB+48,X'10'     DCB ADDR / BRANCH ADDR
      BO        &ADDR              TEST OPEN BIT
      MEND                                TAKE BRANCH IF OPEN
      PRINT     NOGEN
RDNASA  LINKS

*****
*
*          SUBROUTINE RDNASA (DATA, IEOT)
*
*  DATA -- OUTPUT HALFWORD ARRAY USED BY FORTRAN PROGRAMS.
*  IEOT  -- SET TO ONE ON END OF FILE READS.
*  NASA  -- DDNAME FOR INPUT DATASET.
*
*          PROGRAM FUNCTION
*
*  THIS ROUTINE READS SPECTRUM DATA RECORDS IN THE 1969 NASA
*  FORMAT (SEE DSECT).  IT MOVES THE RAW DATA INTO THE
*  MAIN PROGRAM BUFFER AND CLIPS THE FIRST TWO SPECTROMETER
*  POINTS.  THE CLIP IS TO CORRECT FOR THE TWO COUNTER POINT
*  ASYMMETRY BETWEEN UP AND DOWN RAMP RECORDS.
*
*          UP RAMP .....
*          DOWN RAMP | .....
*                   |----- LEADING DATA POINT -----|
*
*****

```

DATA	EQU	2	
IEOT	EQU	3	VALUE OF IEOT
AIET	EQU	4	ADDRESS OF IEOT
	L	DATA,0(0,1)	GET BASE ADDRESS OF DATA
	L	AIET,4(0,1)	GET ADDRESS OF IEOT
	SR	IEOT,IEOT	SET DEFAULT ZERO
*			
	TOPEN	NASA,READ	
	OPEN	NASA	ATTEMPT TO OPEN
	TOPEN	NASA,READ	
	WTO	'RSL1001 NASA DD CARD MISSING'	
	ABEND	20	
*			
READ	GET	NASA	LOCATE A RECORD
	LA	1,4(0,1)	SKIP RECORD CONTROL WORD.
	MVC	0(NASAHDR,DATA),0(1)	MOVE ID HEADER
	MVC	NASAHDR(REST,DATA),NASAHDR+4(1)	
*			
	B	DONE	
EOT	CLOSE	(NASA,REREAD)	
	LA	IEOT,1	SET END OF FILE INDICATOR
DONE	ST	IEOT,0(0,AIET)	STORE IT
	L	13,4(0,13)	
	RETURN	(14,12)	
NASA	DCB	DDNAME=NASA,DSORG=PS,RECFM=V,BLKSIZE=NASABUFL+4, EODAD=EOT,MACRF=GL	
	TITLE	'NASA RECORD FORMAT'	
NASARECD	DSECT		
NASARCW	DS	F	RECORD CONTROL WORD
NASAMISS	DS	X	MISSION
NASADAY	DS	X	DAY
NASALINE	DS	X	LINE
NASARUN	DS	X	RUN
NASASITE	DS	X	SITE
NASAUNUS	DS	X	UNUSED
NASAERR	DS	X	ERROR INDICATOR
NASARAMP	DS	X	RAMP CODE
NASATIME	DS	F	TIME IN ELAPSED MSEC
NASAHDR	EQU	*-NASAMISS	HEADER LENGTH
NASASPCT	DS	90H	SPECTROMETER DATA
NASARAD	DS	9H	RADIOMETER READING
	DS	9H	CALIBRATION DATA
	DS	9H	CALIBRATION DATA
	DS	2H	CALIBRATION DATA
	DS	6H	REMAINDER
NASALEN	EQU	*-NASAMISS	RECORD LENGTH
NASABUFL	EQU	*-NASARCW	BLOCK LENGTH
REST	EQU	*-(NASASPCT+4)	

	TITLE	'STANDARD FORMAT USED BY TASK/PREP/PROC'	
STANDRD	DSECT		
STDRCW	DS	F	RECORD CONTROL WORD
STDMISS	DS	X	MISSION
STDDAY	DS	X	DAY
STDLINE	DS	X	LINE
STDRUN	DS	X	RUN
STDSITE	DS	X	SITE
STDUNUS	DS	X	UNUSED
STDERR	DS	X	ERROR INDICATOR
STDRAMP	DS	X	RAMP CODE
STDTIME	DS	F	TIME IN ELAPSED MILLISECONDS
STDDUMMY	DS	F	TASK PROCESSING HISTORY
STDSPECT	DS	88F	FLOATING POINT SPECTRAL DATA
STDRAD	DS	35H	INTEGER RADIOMETER DATA
STDLEN	EQU	*-STDMISS	RECORD LENGTH
	END		

2.5 Subroutine Unpack

UNPACK	LINKS		
	L	R2,0(0,R1)	POINT TO FIRST ARG
	L	R3,4(0,R1)	POINT TO SECOND ARG
	L	R4,8(0,R1)	POINT TO THIRD ARG
	LH	R5,0(0,R2)	PICK UP FIRST ARG
	N	R5,=X'000000FF'	GET A BYTE
	STH	R5,0(0,R4)	STORE THIRD ARG
	LH	R5,0(0,R2)	PICK UP FIRST ARG
	N	R5,=X'0000FF00'	GET A BYTE
	SRL	R5,8	ALIGN IT
	STH	R5,0(0,R3)	STORE SECOND ARG
	L	R13,4(0,R13)	SCRAM
	RETURN	(14,12)	
	COPY	REGS	
	END		

2.6 Subroutine Dater

```

      TITLE  'DATER -- ZELLER'S CONGRUENCE FOR DAY OF THE WEEK'
      PRINT  NOGEN
DATER  LINKS
*
*****
*
*      SUBROUTINE DATER (AREA) -- RETURNS DAY, DATE, AND TIME
*
*      AREA MUST CONTAIN 20 BYTES.
*
*      WORD 1  -- THREE CHARACTER DAY OF THE WEEK
*      WORD 2/3 -- DATE IN THE FORM MM/DD/YY
*      WORD 4/5 -- TIME OF DAY IN THE FORM (HH:MM)
*
*      THIS IS AN ADAPTATION OF ZELLER'S CONGRUENCE
*
*****
*
SLASH  EQU      C'/'      CHARACTER CONSTANTS
LPAR   EQU      C'('
RPAR   EQU      C')'
COLON  EQU      C':'
BLANK  EQU      C' '
*
      L          1,0(0,1)      GET AREA ADDRESS
      LR         3,1          SAVE AREA ADDRESS
      USING     RETURN,3      TELL ASSEMBLER
      TIME      DEC
      STM       0,1,SAVE      SAVE TIME AND DATE
*
      UNPK      RHOOR(3),TIMEHH(2)  UNPACK TIME
      UNPK      RMIN(3),TIMEMM(2)   UNPACK TIME
      MVI       RTIME,BLANK
      MVI       RLPAR,LPAR
      MVI       RCOLON,COLON
      MVI       RRPAR,RPAR
      EJECT
      XC        TIME,TIME          SET HIGHORDER BYTES TO ZERO
      CVB       5,SAVE             CONVERT YY.DDD TO BINARY
      SR        4,4                CLEAR FOR DIVIDE
      D         4,C1000            R4 = DDD   R5 = YY
      EX        5,TESTLEAP         TEST FOR LEAP YEAR
      BNZ       **10              SKIP IF NOT LEAP YEAR
      MVC       MCONS+2(2),LEAPFEB MODIFY FOR LEAP YEAR
*
      SR        6,6                SET TO FIND MONTH
LOOP   SH        4,MCONS(6)        SUBTRACT UNTIL NOT PLUS
      BNP       OVER              MONTH FOUND
      LA        6,L^MCONS(0,6)    POINT TO NEXT MONTH COUNT
      B         LOOP             CONTINUE SEARCH

```

OVER

AH 4,MCONS(6)
 SRL 6,1
 CH 6,C1
 BH **6
 BCTR 5,0
 LR 9,5
 SR 8,8
 D 8,C4
 LR 8,6
 AR 8,8
 AH 9,ZCONS(8)
 AR 9,4
 AR 9,5
 AH 9,CENT1
 SH 9,CENT2
 SR 8,8
 LA 9,777(,9)
 D 8,C7
 AR 8,8
 AR 8,8
 LA 8,DAYNAME(8)
 MVC RDAYWEEK,0(8)

ADJUST DAY OF MONTH NUMBER
 MONTH NUMBER IN R6 (0-11)
 TEST FOR JAN OR FEB
 THIS IS REQUIRED BY ZELLER
 DECREASE YEAR BY 1
 PUT YEAR (0-99) IN R9
 CLEAR FOR DIVIDE
 FIND FLOOR (YEAR/4)
 MONTH NUMBER IN R8
 NEED HALFWORD OFFSET
 ADD FIRST AND FOURTH TERM
 ADD DAY (1-31)
 ADD IN YEAR (0-99)
 ADD FIRST CENTURY TERM

IN CASE OF NEGATIVE SUM
 FIND DAY OF THE WEEK
 NEED FULLWORD OFFSET
 DO IT THE PL/1 WAY
 GET ADDRESS OF DAY NAME
 PLANT IN RETURN AREA

UNPK RDAY(3),DATEYEAR(2)
 MVC RYEAR,RDAY
 MVI RSLASH2,SLASH
 CVD 4,SAVE
 UNPK RDAY-1(3),SAVE+6(2)
 OI RDAY+1,X'F0'
 MVI RSLASH1,SLASH
 LA 6,1(0,6)
 CVD 6,SAVE
 UNPK RMONTH-1(3),SAVE+6(2)
 OI RMONTH+1,X'F0'
 MVI RMONTH-1,BLANK

UNPACK YEAR (0-99)
 MOVE TO CORRECT AREA
 MOVE IN SLASH
 GET DAY INTO PACKED DEC
 UNPACK DAY OF THE MONTH
 STICK IN VALID ZONE
 MOVE IN SLASH
 USE ONE-ORIGIN MONTH
 GET MONTH INTO PACKED DEC
 UNPACK MONTH OF THE YEAR
 STICK IN VALID ZONE
 CLEAR UNPK GARBAGE

L 13,4(0,13)
 RETURN (14,12),T,RC=0

RETURN TO CALLER

SAVE	DS	0D	TIME MACRO SAVED HERE
TIME	DS	0F	
TIMEHH	DS	PL1	
TIMEMM	DS	PL1	
TIMEREST	DS	PL2	
DATE	DS	PL1	MUST BE LOW HALF OF DBLE WD
DATEYEAR	DS	PL1	
DATEDAY	DS	PL2	
DAYNAME	DC	C'SUN MON TUE WED THR FRI SAT '	
ZCONS	DC	AL2(28,31,2,5,7,10,12,15,18,20,23,25)	
MCONS	DC	AL2(31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31)	
LEAPFEB	DC	AL2(29)	
CENTURY	EQU	19	ASSUME CURRENT CENTURY
CENT1	DC	Y(CENTURY/4)	FLOOR CENTURY/4
CENT2	DC	Y(2*CENTURY)	
C1	DC	Y(1)	
C4	DC	A(4)	
C7	DC	A(7)	
C1000	DC	A(1000)	
TESTLEAP	TM	BYTE,0	EXECUTE FOR LEAP YEAR TEST
BYTE	DC	X'03'	TEST LOW ORDER TWO BITS
★			
RETURN	TITLE	'RETURN AREA FORMAT'	
	DSECT		SAT 01/16/71 (15:25)
★			
RDAYWEEK	DS	CL4	SAT
RMONTH	DS	CL2	01
RSLASH1	DS	CL1	/
RDAY	DS	CL2	16
RSLASH2	DS	CL1	/
RYEAR	DS	CL2	71
RTIME	DS	CL1	
RLPAR	DS	CL1	(
RHOUR	DS	CL2	15
RCOLON	DS	CL1	:
RMIN	DS	CL2	25
RRPAR	DS	CL1)
	END		

[illegible]

THIS PROGRAM READIES SELECTED IR SPECTRA FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSIS. THE DATA ARE RATIOED TO A BLACKBODY, NORMALIZED AND INVERTED. INDIVIDUAL AND AVERAGED SPECTRA ARE SAVED IN CARD IMAGE FORMAT ON SEPARATE FILES AFTER PROCESSING. ALTHOUGH THERE MAY BE ANY NUMBER OF INPUT DATASETS, ALL OUTPUT APPEARS ON TWO DATASETS, ONE FOR INDIVIDUALS AND ONE FOR COMPOSITES.

```

FT05F001  -- INPUT CONTROL CARDS.
FT06F001  -- OUTPUT MESSAGES, TABLES, AND PLOTS.
FT07F001  -- OUTPUT FILE FOR INDIVIDUAL SPECTRA
FT08F001  -- OUTPUT FILE FOR AVERAGED SPECTRA
FTNNF001  -- INPUT DATASETS
FT99F001  -- INPUT BLACKBODY REFERENCE SPECTRUM

```

- A. INPUT SPECTRA MUST BE IN "STANDARD" FORMAT. THIS MEANS THAT THE DATA WAS PRODUCED BY EITHER TASK OR PREP.
- B. THE BLACKBODY DATA MUST BE PRE-AVERAGED AND IS USUALLY GENERATED BY PROGRAM AVERAGE AND SAVED ON DISK.
- C. CARD OUTPUT CONSISTS OF AN IDENTIFICATION CARD, FOLLOWED BY THE DATA IN 8F9.4 FORMAT.
- D. PRINTED OUTPUT CONSISTS OF LISTINGS AND PLOTS OF THE AVERAGED DATA AFTER PROCESSING.
- E. THE CONTROL CARDS CONTAIN A UNIT NUMBER IN COLUMNS 4 AND 5 AND A DESCRIPTIVE NAME FOR THE DATA IN COLUMNS 31 - 70. THIS FORMAT IS THE SAME AS THAT USED BY PREP.

VARIABLE	FUNCTION	DEFAULT
PSZ	PLOT WIDTH	2.0
SMOOTH	SMOOTHING SWITCH	.TRUE.
ICARDS	INDIV CARDS SWITCH	.TRUE.
ACARDS	AVERAGE CARDS SWITCH	.TRUE.
LIST	DATA LISTING SWITCH	.TRUE.
PLOT	PLOT SWITCH	.TRUE.
SMTYPE	SMOOTHING TYPE	-9
BODY	BLACKBODY UNIT NO.	99
NCLIP	NO. OF POINTS CLIPPED	18
CNT	INITIAL SEQUENCE NO.	91
CARD	CONTROL INPUT UNIT	5

C
C
C

C
C

C
C

```

SET PARAMETERS
CNT = CNT + NCLIP
NMAX = 88 - 2*NCLIP

```

```

C      READ DESCRIPTOR
      READ (CARD,52) DES
      WRITE (PRINT,53) DES

C
C      GET DAY DATE & TIME
      CALL DATER (DATE)

C
C      READ & CLIP BLACKBODY, IGNORE FOUR WORD HEADER
      READ (BODY) BLB
      DO 12 I = 1,NMAX
12     BLB(I) = BLB(I+4+NCLIP)
C
C
C      READ CONTROL CARD
15     READ (CARD,51,END=44) DISK, NAME
C
      DO 10 I = 1,NMAX
      ASP(I) = 0.0
      SSP(I) = 0.0
10     CONTINUE
C
C      READ AND PROCESS SPECTRA
      DO 30 I = 1,10000
      READ (DISK,END=31) DSK
      IF (I .EQ. 1) ITIME = TIME
C
C      CLIP SPECTRUM, IGNORE FOUR WORD HEADER
      DO 13 J = 1,NMAX
13     RAW(J) = DSK(J+4+NCLIP)
C
C      RATIO SPECTRUM
      DO 26 J = 1,NMAX
26     RAW(J) = RAW(J) / BLB(J)
C
C      SMOOTH SPECTRA
      IF (SMOOTH) CALL SM (RAW, NMAX, IER, SMTYPE)
      IF (IER .EQ. 0) GOTO 17
      WRITE (PRINT,67)
      STOP

C
C      NORMALIZE SPECTRUM
17     CALL NORM (RAW, NMAX)
C
C      INVERT SPECTRUM
      DO 27 J = 1,NMAX
27     RAW(J) = -RAW(J)

```

```

C      SUM RESULT
      DO 25 J = 1,NMAX
      ASP(J) = ASP(J) + RAW(J)
      SSP(J) = SSP(J) + RAW(J) ** 2
25    CONTINUE
C
C      OUTPUT INDIVIDUAL SPECTRUM
      CALL XLATE (TIME, HMS)
      IF (ICARDS) WRITE (IOUT,71) HEAD,HMS,NAME,I,(RAW(J),J=1,NMAX)
C
30    CONTINUE
C
C      EOF ON SPECTRUM INPUT
31    NSPECT = I - 1
      IF (NSPECT .LT. 2) WRITE (PRINT,69) NAME
      IF (NSPECT .LT. 2) GOTO 15
      CALL XLATE (ITIME, HMS2)
C
C      PRINT RESULTS
      IF (LIST) WRITE(PRINT,62) NAME,HEAD,DATE,NSPECT,HMS2,HMS,DES
      IF (LIST) CALL TABLE (ASP, SSP, NMAX, NSPECT, CNT, PRINT,
*                          'STANDARD')
C
C      PLOT RESULTS
      IF (PLOT) WRITE(PRINT,62) NAME,HEAD,DATE,NSPECT,HMS2,HMS,DES
      IF (PLOT) CALL SPLOT (ASP, SSP, -PSZ, PSZ, PRINT, NMAX, CNT)
C
C      OUTPUT AVERAGED SPECTRUM AND STANDARD DEVIATION
      IF (ACARDS) WRITE (AOUT,71) HEAD, HMS2, NAME, NSPECT,
*                          (ASP(J),J=1,NMAX)
      IF (ACARDS) WRITE (AOUT,71) HEAD, HMS, NAME, NSPECT,
*                          (SSP(J),J=1,NMAX)
C
C      READ NEXT CONTROL CARD
      GOTO 15
C
C      NO MORE CONTROL CARDS EXIT
44    WRITE (PRINT,66)
      STOP

```

```

51  FORMAT(3X,I2,T31,10A4)
52  FORMAT(20A4)
53  FORMAT('ORSL0001  ',20A4)
57  FORMAT(F10.3)
62  FORMAT(////'1UP RAMP SPECTRUM GROUP CALLED -- ',8A4,5X,2Z10,8X,
*      5A4/' NUMBER OF SPECTRA IN GROUP:',I3/
*      ' RECORDED FROM',2I3,I6,' TO',2I3,I6,'.'/1X,18A4/)
66  FORMAT(/////'1RSL0011  NORMAL END OF RUN')
67  FORMAT('1RSL0101  SMOOTHING PARAMETER INVALID')
69  FORMAT(/////'1RSL0201  INSUFFICIENT RECORDS -- GROUP BYPASSED'/
*      ' RSL0201  ',8A4)
C
C  THIS IS THE CARD OUTPUT FORMAT
71  FORMAT(2Z10,1X,2I3,I6,1X,8A4,I4/(8F9.4))
END

```

3.2 Subroutine Norm

```

SUBROUTINE NORM (A, N)
REAL A(N)
SUM = 0.0
SQS = 0.0
DO 10 I = 1,N
SUM = SUM + A(I)
SQS = SQS + A(I) ** 2
10 CONTINUE
EN = N
SQS = SQRT ((SQS - SUM ** 2 / EN) / (EN - 1.0))
SUM = SUM / EN
DO 20 I = 1,N
A(I) = (A(I) - SUM)/SQS
20 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

3.3 Subroutine Sm

```
      SUBROUTINE SM (NDATA, N, IER, NMP)
C
C      SMOOTHING SUBROUTINE WRITTEN BY J.R. MOORE
C
C      NDATA=INPUT SPECTRUM & OUTPUT SMOOTHED SPECTRUM
C      N=NUMBER OF POINTS
C      IER=ERROR MESSAGE--0 IF OK, -1 IF NOT
C      NMP=SMOOTHING TYPE
      REAL NDATA(100),MDATA(100),NP(20)
      IF(N.GT.100.OR.NMP.LT.-20.OR.NMP.GT.20) GO TO 900
      NNP=NMP
      IF(NMP.LT.0)NNP=-NMP
      NXP=NNP
      IF(NMP.EQ.-1) NNP=3
      MM=NNP-1
      M=N-MM
      DO 20 I=1,N
20    MDATA(I)=NDATA(I)
      DO 10 I=2,NNP
      J=I-1
10    NP(I)=NDATA(J)
      DO 200 I=1,M
      J=I+MM
      DO 11 K=1,MM
      KA=K+1
11    NP(K)=NP(KA)
      NP(NNP)=NDATA(J)
      IF(NMP.LT.0) GO TO 100
      GO TO (300,900,900,900,101,900,102,900,103,900,104,900,
1401,900,900,900,402),NNP
101    SUM=17*NP(3)+12*(NP(2)+NP(4))-3*(NP(1)+NP(5))
      MDATA(I+2)=SUM/35
      GO TO 200
401    SUM=NP(1)+NP(2)+NP(3)+NP(4)+NP(5)+NP(6)+NP(7)+NP(8)+NP(9)+
1NP(10)+NP(11)+NP(12)+NP(13)
      MDATA(I+6)=SUM/13
      GO TO 200
402    SUM=-21*(NP(1)+NP(17))-6*(NP(2)+NP(16))+7*(NP(3)+NP(15))+
118*(NP(4)+NP(14))+27*(NP(5)+NP(13))+34*(NP(6)+NP(12))+
139*(NP(7)+NP(11))+42*(NP(8)+NP(10))+43*NP(9)
      MDATA(I+8)=SUM/323
      GO TO 200
403    SUM=195*(NP(1)+NP(17))-195*(NP(2)+NP(16))-260*(NP(3)+NP(15))-
1117*(NP(4)+NP(14))+135*(NP(5)+NP(13))+415*(NP(6)+NP(12))+
2660*(NP(7)+NP(11))+825*(NP(8)+NP(10))+883*(NP(9))
```

```

      MDATA(I+8)=SUM/4199
      GO TO 200
102    SUM=-2*(NP(1)+NP(7))+3*(NP(2)+NP(6))+6*(NP(3)+NP(5))+7*NP(4)
      MDATA(I+3)=SUM/21
      GO TO 200
103    SUM=-21*(NP(1)+NP(9))+14*(NP(2)+NP(8))+39*(NP(3)+NP(7))+
154*(NP(4)+NP(6))+59*NP(5)
      MDATA(I+4)=SUM/231
      GO TO 200
300    SUM=NP(1)+NP(2)+NP(3)
      MDATA(I+1)=SUM/3
      GO TO 200
104    SUM=-36*(NP(1)+NP(11))+9*(NP(2)+NP(10))+44*(NP(3)+NP(9))+
169*(NP(4)+NP(8))+84*(NP(5)+NP(7))+89*NP(6)
      MDATA(I+5)=SUM/429
      GO TO 200
100    CONTINUE
      GO TO (300,900,900,900,101,900,106,900,107,900,108,
1900,900,900,900,900,403),NXP
106    SUM=5*(NP(1)+NP(7))-30*(NP(2)+NP(6))+75*(NP(3)+NP(5))+131*NP(4)
      MDATA(I+3)=SUM/231
      GO TO 200
107    SUM=15*(NP(1)+NP(9))-55*(NP(2)+NP(8))+30*(NP(3)+NP(7))+
1135*(NP(4)+NP(6))+179*NP(5)
      MDATA(I+4)=SUM/429
      GO TO 200
108    SUM=18*(NP(1)+NP(11))-45*(NP(2)+NP(10))-10*(NP(3)+NP(9))+
160*(NP(4)+NP(8))+120*(NP(5)+NP(7))+143*NP(6)
      MDATA(I+5)=SUM/429
200    CONTINUE
C
C      RETURN MDATA IN NDATA
      DO 500 I = 1,N
500    NDATA(I) = MDATA(I)
      IER=0
      RETURN
900    IER=-1
      RETURN
      END

```

4.1 Program Discard

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      PROGRAM DISCARD
C      DELETE TRAINING SPECTRA WHOSE DISTANCE FROM THE GROUP
C      MEAN IS UNACCEPTABLE
C
C
C      DDNAME      |      PURPOSE      |      VARIABLE NAME
C      -----
C      FT06F001 | LISTING FILE      | PRINT
C      FT05F001 | CONTROL CARD FILE | CARD
C      FT10F001 | OUTPUT SPECTRA FILE | OUTPUT
C      FT03F001 | INDIVIDUAL SPECTRA INPUT FILE | INDIV
C      FT04F001 | AVERAGE SPECTRUM INPUT FILE | AVER
C
C
C      THE ABOVE DDNAMES MAY BE ALTERED USING THE &PARMS NAMELIST
C      AND THE REJECTION LEVEL IS ENTERED BY GIVING "LIMIT"
C      A VALUE IN THE NAMELIST. A NAMELIST IS READ FOR EACH GROUP
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      INTEGER PRINT/6/, CARD/5/, OUTPUT/10/, INDIV/3/, AVER/4/
C      INTEGER FLAG, NAME(8), TIME(3)
C      REAL SPECT(52), ASP(52), LIMIT
C      REAL*8 WORD(2) /' ','REJECTED'/
C
C      DEFINE NAMELIST
C      NAMELIST /PARMS/ LIMIT, PRINT, CARD, OUTPUT, INDIV, AVER
C
C      READ NAMELIST
10  READ (CARD,PARMS,END=88)
C
C      READ NAME, NUMBER OF SPECTRA, AVERAGE SPECTRUM
C      READ (AVER,51,END=88) NAME, NSPEC, ASP
C      WRITE (PRINT,61) NAME

```

```

C      READ INDIVIDUAL SPECTRA
      ICNT = 0
      DO 20 I = 1, NSPEC
      READ (INDIV,52,END=77) TIME, NAME, ISEQ, SPECT
      TALLY = 0.0
      DO 15 J = 1, 52
15     TALLY = TALLY + (SPECT(J) - ASP(J)) ** 2
C
      FLAG = 2
      IF (TALLY .GT. LIMIT) GOTO 17
C
C      WRITE ACCEPTABLE SPECTRUM
      WRITE (OUTPUT,52) TIME, NAME, ISEQ, SPECT
      ICNT = ICNT + 1
      FLAG = 1
C
17     WRITE (PRINT,63) ISEQ, TIME, TALLY, WORD(FLAG)
20     CONTINUE
C
C      GO READ NEXT GROUP
      WRITE (PRINT,62) LIMIT, ICNT
      GOTO 10
C
C      NORMAL END OF FILE EXIT
88     WRITE (PRINT,66)
      STOP
C
C      ERROR END OF FILE EXIT
77     WRITE (PRINT,67)
      STOP
C
51     FORMAT (T35,8A4,T68,13/6(8F9.4/),4F9.4////////)
52     FORMAT (T22,2I3,16,T35,8A4,T68,13/(8F9.4))
61     FORMAT (1H1,T15,8A4,T48,'TIME',T58,'DISTANCE',T69,'DECISION'/)
62     FORMAT (///T40,'TOLERANCE',F5.0,' LEAVES',13,' SPECTRA.')
63     FORMAT (T38,14,')',14,1X,12,16,F10.4,3X,A8)
66     FORMAT ('1RSL0011  NORMAL END OF RUN')
67     FORMAT ('1RSL1451  UNEXPECTED END OF FILE')
      END

```


5.1 Program Trkload

```

CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      PROGRAM TRKLOAD -- TRUCK TAPE TO DISK                      C
C
C      THIS PROGRAM READS TRUCK TAPES AND CREATES TWO OUTPUT FILES. C
C      DATA RECORDS ARE STORED IN A DIRECT ACCESS DATASET, AND    C
C      IDENTIFICATION RECORDS ARE STORED IN A SEQUENTIAL DATASET    C
C      WITH POINTERS TO THE CORRESPONDING DATA.                    C
C
C      SPECTAPE -- DDNAME OF TRUCK TAPE.                            C
C      NO DCB PARAMETERS REQUIRED.                                    C
C      DIRECT   -- DDNAME OF DATA OUTPUT FILE.                     C
C      DCB=(DSORG=DA,BLKSIZE=204)                                    C
C      FT10F001 -- DDNAME OF IDENTIFICATION FILE.                   C
C      DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=40,BLKSIZE=3520)                         C
C      FT06F001 -- DDNAME OF IDENTIFICATION LISTING FILE.           C
C      FT04F001 -- DDNAME OF DATA LISTING FILE.                    C
C      FT05F001 -- DDNAME OF PARAMETER INPUT FILE.                  C
C      &PARMS LIST=F, ERRCNT=10, TERR=F, &END                      C
C
CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
C
C      IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)
C      INTEGER KEY/1/, COUNT/0/, PRINT/6/, INDEX/10/, DUMP/4/, LRECL
C      INTEGER ERRCNT/10/,CARD/5/,NERR/0/,NIDS/0/,NINV/0/,NREADS/0/
C      INTEGER JUMP, DATE(5), I, J, K, L, M, N
C      INTEGER DTLEN, IDLEN/20/, DTSIZ/48/
C      LOGICAL LIST /.FALSE./, TERR /.FALSE./
C      DIMENSION SAVEID(6)
C
C      RDTRK COMMON DEFINITION
C      COMMON /TDATA/ INPA(200),IDENT(6),SPECT(48),RADIO(48),MULT(6)
C
C      DEFINE DIGITIZED (0,1023) TO DECIVOLTS (-100,100) FORMULA
C      DVOLT(RAW) = (200*RAW - 102300) / 1023
C
C      DEFINE AND READ NAMELIST
C      NAMELIST /PARMS/ ERRCNT, LIST, TERR
C      READ (CARD,PARMS,END=2)
C      CONTINUE
C
C      INITIALIZE
C      DTLEN = DTSIZ*4 + 12
C      IF (TERR) CALL NOERR
C
C      CALL DATER (DATE)
C      WRITE (PRINT,65) DATE
C
C      ASSIGN 11 TO JUMP

```

```

11  CALL RDTRK (LRECL)
    NREADS = NREADS + 1
    IF (LRECL .EQ. IDLEN) GOTO 12
    IF (LRECL .LT. 0) GOTO 80
    IF (LRECL .EQ. 0) STOP
C
    BUFL = LRECL/2
    WRITE (PRINT,61) NREADS, LRECL, (INPA(J), J = 1,BUFL)
    NINV = NINV + 1
    GOTO 11
C
12  DO 10 I = 1,6
10  SAVEID(I) = IDENT(I)
    SAVKEY = KEY
C
C  READ INPUT TAPE
    ASSIGN 20 TO JUMP
20  CALL RDTRK (LRECL)
    NREADS = NREADS + 1
C
    IF (LRECL .EQ. DTLEN) GOTO 30
    IF (LRECL .EQ. IDLEN) GOTO 40
    IF (LRECL .EQ. 0) GOTO 50
    IF (LRECL .LT. 0) GOTO 80
C
C  BAD LRECL, IGNORE RECORD
    NINV = NINV + 1
    BUFL = LRECL/2
    WRITE (PRINT,61) NREADS, LRECL, (INPA(J), J = 1,BUFL)
    WRITE (PRINT,67)
    GOTO 20
C
C  DATA RECORD FOUND
30  DO 31 M = 1,DTSIZ
    SPECT(M) = DVOLT(SPECT(M))
31  RADIO(M) = DVOLT(RADIO(M))
    DO 32 M = 1,6
32  MULT(M) = DVOLT(MULT(M))
C
    CALL DALOAD (SPECT, KEY)
    IF (.NOT. LIST) GOTO 49
C
    WRITE (DUMP,72) KEY, (SPECT(N), N = 1,DTSIZ)
    WRITE (DUMP,73) (RADIO(N), N = 1,DTSIZ)
    WRITE (DUMP,74) MULT
C
49  KEY = KEY + 1
    COUNT = COUNT + 1
    GOTO 20

```

```

C      IDENTIFICATION RECORD FOUND
40     IF (COUNT .NE. 0) GOTO 47
C
C      IDENTIFICATION RECORD CONTAINS NO DATA
      WRITE (PRINT,62) SAVEID
      NINV = NINV + 1
      GOTO 45
C
C      WRITE IDENTIFICATION RECORD
47     NIDS = NIDS + 1
      WRITE (INDEX,66) SAVEID, SAVKEY, COUNT
      WRITE (PRINT,64) NIDS, SAVEID, SAVKEY, COUNT
      SAVKEY = KEY
      COUNT = 0
C
45     DO 46 I = 1,6
46     SAVEID(I) = IDENT(I)
      GOTO 20
C
C      END OF FILE EXIT
50     IF (COUNT .NE. 0) GOTO 48
C
C      IDENTIFICATION RECORD CONTAINS NO DATA
      WRITE (PRINT,62) SAVEID
      NINV = NINV + 1
      GOTO 60
C
C      WRITE FINAL IDENTIFICATION RECORD
48     NIDS = NIDS + 1
      WRITE (INDEX,66) SAVEID, SAVKEY, COUNT
      WRITE (PRINT,64) NIDS, SAVEID, SAVKEY, COUNT

```

```

60  NREADS = NREADS - 1
    KEY = KEY - 1
    WRITE (PRINT,63) NREADS, NIDS, KEY, NINV, NERR
    IF (LIST) WRITE (DUMP,63) NREADS, NIDS, KEY, NINV, NERR
    STOP

C
C  READ ERROR ROUTINE
80  WRITE (PRINT,69) NREADS, (INPA(J), J = 1,160)
    NERR = NERR + 1
    IF (NERR .LE. ERRCNT) GOTO JUMP, (11, 20)

C
C  TOO MANY ERRORS
    WRITE (PRINT,71) NREADS
    STOP

C
61  FORMAT(///' RSL042I  RECORD',15,' INVALID',14,' BYTES'//
*      (' RSL042I',16Z6))
62  FORMAT(///' RSL040I  IDENTIFICATION RECORD CONTAINS NO DATA'//
*      ' RSL040I  DAY IS ',19/
*      ' RSL040I  TIME IS ',313/
*      ' RSL040I  SAMPLE IS',19/
*      ' RSL040I  SITE IS ',19///)
63  FORMAT('1RSL000I',16,' RECORDS READ'/
*      ' RSL000I',16,' IDENTIFICATION RECORDS SAVED'/
*      ' RSL000I',16,' DATA RECORDS SAVED'/
*      ' RSL000I',16,' INVALID RECORDS FOUND'/
*      ' RSL000I',16,' PERMANENT READ ERRORS'//
*      ' RSL001I  NORMAL END OF RUN')
64  FORMAT(T15,14,') DAY =',14,'; TIME =',313,'; SAMPLE =',
*      14,'; SITE =',14,'; START =',15,'; COUNT =',13)
65  FORMAT('1',T35,'IDENTIFICATION RECORDS SAVED ON ',5A4//)
66  FORMAT(8I5)
67  FORMAT(////)
69  FORMAT(///' RSL044I  RECORD NO',15,' PERMANENT READ ERROR'//
*      10(' RSL044I',16Z6)///)
71  FORMAT(///' RSL046I  I/O ERROR COUNT EXCEEDED ',15,
*      ' RECORDS READ')
72  FORMAT('1',T32,'RECORD NO.',15///' SPECTROMETER DATA'//(8I10))
73  FORMAT(///// 'RADIOMETER DATA'//(8I10))
74  FORMAT(///// 'MULTIPLEXED DATA'//6I10)
    END

```

5.2 Subroutine Rdtrk

```

      TITLE      'SG-4 SPECTROMETER TAPE READ ROUTINE'

*
MACRO
&L      BCD      &TO,&FROM      CONVERT FROM PACKED BCD
&L      LH       TEM2,&FROM     TO HALFWORD INTEGER
      SLDL      TEMP,24        PICK UP BCD HALFWORD
      SRL       TEM2,26        SEPARATE BYTES
      LA        BCD,X'F'       GET UNITS DIGIT
      NR        BCD,TEMP       LOAD MASK
      MH        BCD,=Y(100)    GET HUNDREDS DIGIT
      AR        BCD,TEM2       SCALE
      LH        TEM2,&FROM     ADD UNITS DIGIT
      SR        TEMP,TEMP     PICK UP BCD HALFWORD
      SLDL      TEMP,20        CLEAR TEMP
      SLL       TEM2,10        GET RIGHT HALF OF TENS DIGIT
      SRL       TEM2,28        GET LEFT HALF OF TENS DIGIT
      OR        TEMP,TEM2     ALIGN LEFT HALF
      MH        TEMP,=Y(10)    PUT HALFS TOGETHER
      AR        BCD,TEMP       SCALE
      STH       BCD,&TO       SUM
      MEND      STORE HALFWORD RESULT

*
*
*
MACRO
&L      TENBIT   &TO,&FROM     CONVERT FROM SG CODE TO 1*2
&L      LH       TEM2,&FROM     TO/FROM ARE HALFWORDS
      SLDL      TEMP,51        PICK UP DATA
      SRDL      TEMP,27        GET RID OF SYNC BIT
      SRL       TEM2,19        ALIGN
      OR        TEMP,TEM2     ALIGN
      STH       TEMP,&TO       PUT TOGETHER
      MEND      STORE CONVERTED DATA

```

	MACRO		WRITE TO OPERATOR MACRO
&L	WTOP	&ARG,&MF=,&LIMIT=10	WRITE LIMIT NUMBER OF TIMES
	LCLC	&COUNT	
	AIF	('&MF' EQ 'L').LIST	GO SET UP MESSAGE AREA
	AIF	('&MF' EQ 'E').XEQ	GO PRINT OUT MESSAGE AREA
	AGO	.ERROR	MACRO FORM ERROR
.XEQ	ANOP		
	AIF	('&ARG' EQ '').ERROR	MESSAGE ADDR MUST BE GIVEN
&COUNT	SETC	'CNT'.'&SYSNDX'	COUNTER NAME SYMBOL
&L	L	1,&COUNT	PICK UP COUNT
	BCT	1,++8	DECREMENT AND JUMP
	B	&COUNT+4	IGNORE WRITE REQUEST
	ST	1,&COUNT	RESTORE COUNTER
	LA	1,&ARG-4	LOAD ARG LIST POINTER
	SVC	35	ISSUE WTO SVC
	B	&COUNT+4	JUMP COUNTER
&COUNT	DC	A(&LIMIT)	SAVE COUNTER HERE
	MEXIT		
.LIST	ANOP		DEFINE WTO MESSAGE AREA
	AIF	('&L' EQ '').ERROR	LABEL SYMBOL NEEDED
	AIF	('&ARG' EQ '').ERROR	BYTE COUNT NEEDED
	CNOP	0,4	GET ON A FULLWORD BOUNDARY
	DC	AL2(&ARG+4)	DEFINE MESSAGE LENGTH FOR OS
	DC	AL2(0)	REQUIRED BY OS
&L	DC	CL(&ARG)' '	ALLOCATE BLANK MESSAGE AREA
	MEXIT		
.ERROR	MNOTE	8,'RSL2001	PARAMETER INVALID -- NO CODE GENERATED'
	MEND		
*			
SGNSIZ	EQU	10	
SGDSIZ	EQU	48	

```

      PRINT  NOGEN
RDTRK  LINKS

```

```

*****
*
*               SUBROUTINE RDTRK (LRECL)
*
*   LRECL      -- SIZE IN BYTES OF CURRENT RECORD, SET TO ZERO
*               ON EOF READS.
*   SPECTAPE   -- DDNAME FOR INPUT DATA SET
*   TDATA      -- FORTRAN COMMON, HALFWORD INTEGERS
*
*COMMON /TDATA/ INPA(200), IDENT(6), SPECT(48), RADIO(48), MULT(6)
*
*   THIS FORTRAN CALLABLE SUBROUTINE READS AND CONVERTS DATA
*   READ FROM 7-TRACK MAG TAPE GENERATED BY STANFORDS SG-4
*   SPECTROMETER SYSTEM.
*   THE RAW DATA IS CONTAINED IN TWO DIFFERENT RECORD FORMATS
*   EACH OF A DIFFERENT PHYSICAL LENGTH AND DATA RECORDING MODE
*   THE IDENTIFICATION RECORD CONTAINS DATA IN A PACKED BCD
*   FORMAT WHERE EACH PAIR OF SIX BIT BYTES CONTAIN THREE
*   FOUR BIT BCD CHARACTERS.
*
*   TAPE DATA FORMAT:      001FGHIJ 000ABCDE
*   CONVERTED FORMAT:      000000AB CDEFGHIJ
*
*   TAPE BCD FORMAT:       00EF IJKL  00ABCD GH
*   CONVERTED FORMAT:      ABCD + 10*EFGH + 100*IJKL
*
*   THE DATA IS RETURNED IN COMMON TO FORTRAN, ALL NUMBERS
*   ARE CONVERTED TO 16 BIT TWOS COMPLIMENT INTEGERS.
*
*****
*
*   L          LRECL,0(0,PARM)          GET ARG ADDRESS
*   SR         COUNT,COUNT              SET COUNT TO ZERO
*   TITLE      'OPEN, READ, CLOSE SECTION'
*   TOPEN      SPECTAPE,READ
*   OPEN       (SPECTAPE)
*   TOPEN      SPECTAPE,READ
*   WTO        'RSL1001 SPECTAPE DD CARD MISSING'
*   ABEND      20,DUMP

```

READ	READ	DECB,SF,SPECTAPE,INPA,'S'	
	CHECK	DECB	
	LTR	COUNT,COUNT	DID WE GET AN ERROR?
	BM	EXIT	IF SO EXIT
	L	CBASE,=V(TDATA)	ESTABLISH COMMON BASE REG
	USING	INPA,CBASE	
	BAL	LINKR,BLKSIZE	GET BLOCK BYTE COUNT
*			
	C	COUNT,=A(SGIDSIZ)	CHECK FOR IDENT RECORD
	BE	IDCONV	
	C	COUNT,=A(SGDTSIZ)	CHECK FOR DATA RECORD
	BE	DATACONV	
	B	EXIT	RECORD LENGTH ERROR
*			
EODAD	CLOSE	(SPECTAPE,LEAVE)	LEAVE FOR MULTIPLE FILES
EXIT	ST	COUNT,0(0,LRECL)	RETURN LRECL TO FORTRAN
	L	SAVER,4(0,SAVER)	
	RETURN	(14,12)	
	TITLE	'IDENTIFICATION CONVERSION ROUTINE'	
IDCONV	DS	0H	
	BCD	DAY,SGDAY	
	BCD	TIMEH,SGTIME	
	BCD	TIMEM,SGTIME+2	
	BCD	SAMPLE,SGSAMPLE	
	BCD	SITE,SGSITE	
*			
	SR	TEMP,TEMP	FIX TIME
	LH	TEM2,TIMEM	LOAD LOWEST THREE DIGITS
	D	TEMP,=F'100'	EXTRACT LOW ORDER TWO DIGITS
	STH	TEMP,TIMES	STORE SECONDS
	ST	TEM2,CSAVE	SAVE LOW ORDER MINUTES DIGIT
	LH	TEM2,TIMEH	LOAD HIGH ORDER THREE DIGITS
	SR	TEMP,TEMP	CLEAR EVEN REGISTER
	D	TEMP,=F'10'	EXTRACT HIGH ORDER TWO DIGITS
	STH	TEM2,TIMEH	SAVE HOUR DIGITS
	MH	TEMP,=H'10'	SCALE HIGH ORDER MINUTE DIGIT
	A	TEMP,CSAVE	ADD LOW ORDER MINUTE DIGIT
	STH	TEMP,TIMEM	SAVE MINUTES
	B	EXIT	
CSAVE	DS	F	

	TITLE	'DATA CONVERSION ROUTINE'	
DATA CONV	DS	0H	
	LA	POINT, SGCHANLA	CONVERT SPECT/RADIO DATA
	LA	STEP, 4	
	LA	LIMIT, SGMULT-4	
	SR	INDEX, INDEX	
*			
DLOOP	DS	0H	
	TENBIT	SPECT(INDEX), 0(0, POINT)	
	TENBIT	RADIO(INDEX), 2(0, POINT)	
	LA	INDEX, 2(0, INDEX)	
	BXLE	POINT, STEP, DLOOP	
*			
	LA	LIMIT, 6	CONVERT MULTIPLEX DATA
	SR	INDEX, INDEX	
MLOOP	DS	0H	
	TENBIT	MULT(INDEX), SGMULT(INDEX)	
	LA	INDEX, 2(0, INDEX)	
	BCT	LIMIT, MLOOP	
	B	EXIT	
	TITLE	'ROUTINE TO TURN OFF ERROR RETRY BITS'	
	ENTRY	NOERR	
*			
	USING	*, 15	
NOERR	OI	SPECTAPE+49, X'0C'	
	BR	14	SHOULD BE CALLED BEFORE OPEN
	DROP	15	
	TITLE	'INPUT BLKSIZE ROUTINE'	
BLKSIZE	DS	0H	
	L	POINT, DECB+16	GET POINTER TO STATUS INFO
	L	TEMP, 12(0, POINT)	GET RESIDUAL COUNT
	N	TEMP, MASK	ONLY USE LOW ORDER HALFWORD
	L	COUNT, SPECTAPE+60	GET BLKSIZE FROM DCB
	N	COUNT, MASK	ONLY USE LOW ORDER HALFWORD
	SR	COUNT, TEMP	SUBTRACT REMAINDER
	BR	LINKR	RETURN
	DS	0F	
MASK	DC	X'0000FFFF'	

```

SYNAD      TITLE      'READ ERROR ROUTINE'
           DS          0H
           SYNADAF     ACSMETH=BSAM
           STM          14,1,ERRSAV          SAVE OS REGISTERS
           MVC          STATUS(27),=CL27'RSL110I  I/O ERROR INFO --'
           MVC          STATUS+27(78),50(PARM)
           WTOP         STATUS,LIMIT=20,MF=E
           L            COUNT,=F'-1'          SET ERROR FLAG
           SYNADRLS
           LM           14,1,ERRSAV          RESTORE THE REGISTERS
           BR           14                    RETURN TO CHECK MODULE

*
ERRSAV     DC          4A(0)
STATUS     WTOP        27+78,MF=L
SPECTAPE   DCB         DDNAME=SPECTAPE,DSORG=PS,RECFM=U,BLKSIZE=400,MACRF=R,
                      EODAD=EODAD,SYNAD=SYNAD

           LTORG
           TITLE       'COMMON DEFINITION'

TDATA      COM
INPA        DS          50D                    400 BYTE INPUT AREA

*
           ORG          INPA                    BACK TO START OF INPUT AREA
SGIDENT     EQU          *                    IDENTIFICATION RECORD FORMAT
SGNOISE     DS          (SGNSIZ)X             NOISE BYTES
SGDAY       DS          2X                    THREE DIGIT (BCD) DAY
SGTIME      DS          4X                    SIX DIGIT TIME  HH.MM.SS
SGSAMPLE    DS          2X                    SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION
SGSITE      DS          2X                    SITE IDENTIFICATION
SGIDSIZ     EQU          *-SGIDENT             DEFINE SIZE OF IDENT RECORD

*
           ORG          INPA                    BACK TO START OF INPUT AREA
SGDATA      EQU          *                    DATA RECORD FORMAT
SGCHANLA    DS          2X                    FIRST SPECTROMETER HALFWORD
SGCHANLB    DS          2X                    FIRST RADIOMETER HALFWORD
           DS          (4*(SGDSIZ-1))X        REMAINDER OF SPECT/RAD DATA
SGMULT      DS          (2*6)X                MULTIPLEX DATA
SGDTSIZ     EQU          *-SGDATA             DEFINE SIZE OF DATA RECORD

*
           ORG          ,                      RESET LOCATION COUNTER

```

IDENT	DS	6H	ALLOCATE RESULT AREA
*			
	ORG	IDENT	TO DEFINE IDENT SUBFIELDS
DAY	DS	2X	CONVERTED FROM ABOVE
TIMEH	DS	2X	
TIMEM	DS	2X	
TIMES	DS	2X	
SAMPLE	DS	2X	
SITE	DS	2X	
*			
SPECT	DS	48H	CONVERTED SPECTRUM AREA
RADIO	DS	48H	CONVERTED RADIOMETER AREA
MULT	DS	6H	CONVERTED MULTIPLEX AREA
*			
COMLENG	EQU	*-INPA	LENGTH SHOULD AGREE WITH MAIN
*			
	TITLE	'REGISTER DEFINITIONS'	
PARM	EQU	1	
TEMP	EQU	2	
TEM2	EQU	TEMP+1	
STEP	EQU	4	
LIMIT	EQU	5	
LRECL	EQU	6	
BCD	EQU	7	
COUNT	EQU	8	
POINT	EQU	9	
INDEX	EQU	10	
CBASE	EQU	11	
BASE	EQU	12	
SAVER	EQU	13	
LINKR	EQU	14	
	END		

5.3 Subroutine Daload

```

PRINT      NOGEN
DALOAD     LINKS
*
*****
*
*           SUBROUTINE DALOAD (DATA, KEY)
*
*           DATA  -- LOCATION OF DATA TO BE WRITTEN
*           KEY    -- ERROR CHECKING FEATURE, IF ZERO
*                   NO ERROR CHECKING WILL BE DONE,
*                   ELSE IT MUST AGREE WITH THE KEY
*                   OF THE BLOCK CURRENTLY BEING WRITTEN.
*           DIRECT -- DDNAME OF DIRECT ACCESS DATASET.
*                   BLKSIZE MUST APPEAR IN JCL.
*                   DSORG=DA MUST APPEAR IN JCL.
*
*****
*
*           L      DATA,0(0,PARM)          GET POINTERS TO ARGS
*           L      KEY,4(0,PARM)
*           CLC    BLKCNT,=F'0'             FIRST TIME THRU?
*           BNE    OPENED
*           OPEN   (DIRECT,(OUTPUT))
*           TOPEN  DIRECT,OPENED
*           WTO    'RSL1001  DIRECT DD CARD MISSING'
* ABEND OPENED  ABEND 20,DUMP
*           L      TEMP,BLKCNT
*           LA     TEMP,1(0,TEMP)           INCREMENT BLOCK COUNT
*           ST     TEMP,BLKCNT
*           S      TEMP,0(0,KEY)           ERROR CHECK
*           C      TEMP,BLKCNT             WAS KEY ZERO?
*           BE     WRITE
*           C      TEMP,=F'0'              WAS KEY EQUAL TO BLKCNT?
*           BE     WRITE
*           WTO    'RSL1201  DIRECT ACCESS KEY INVALID'
*           B      ABEND
* WRITE      WRITE  DECB,SF,DIRECT,(2)
*           CHECK  DECB
*           L      SAVER,4(0,SAVER)
*           RETURN (14,12)
*           TITLE  'DATA CONTROL BLOCK'
*           PRINT  GEN
* DIRECT     DCB   DDNAME=DIRECT,DSORG=PS,OPTCD=C,RECFM=F,MACRF=WL
* BLKCNT     DC    F'0'
*           TITLE  'REGISTER DEFINITIONS.'
* PARM      EQU    1
* DATA     EQU    2
* KEY       EQU    3
* TEMP      EQU    4
* TEM2      EQU    5
* BASE      EQU    12
* SAVER     EQU    13
* LINKR     EQU    14
*           END

```

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